

# LUNCHBREAK



Al powered Geospatial Solutions for Smarter Due Diligence

10 October 2025, 12 – 1 pm



# Digitally Enabled Resilience and Nutrition Policy Innovations (DERPIn)

OCT 2025



Implemented by



#### **Context**



- Increasing extreme weather events (e.g., droughts, storms, floods, irregular rainfall, and temperature spikes) are disrupting agricultural production, destroying assets and hampering livelihoods.
- Vulnerability of rural communities is exacerbated by severely limited access to user-friendly information based on timely, reliable, and spatially disaggregated data, including future forecasts.
- National systems and mandated institutions need to be prepared for the expected frequency and severity of future climatic and economic shocks and often do not adequately capture gender-specific or intersectional disadvantages.

#### **Project Overview**



- Project under Fund for the Promotion of Innovation in Agriculture (i4Ag)
- Countries: Benin, Ghana, Malawi, Senegal, Uganda
- Implementing Partners: Akademiya2063, PAFO
- Innovation Areas
  - Crop type mapping and crop production forecast
  - Nutrient adequacy
  - Multi-dimensional Vulnerability Index
- Duration: 10/22 to 12/25
- Stakeholder groups Senior government representatives, policy analysts and planners, smallholder farmers, farmer organizations, private sector operators, research and academic institutions.

#### **Country Level Partners**



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Benin - INSTITUT NATIONAL DES RECHERCHES AGRICOLES DU BENIN (INRAB) 02

Malawi - Malawi University of Science & Technology (MUST) 03

Uganda -Makerere University 04

Senegal - Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles, Senegal 05

Ghana - University for Development Studies

#### **Potential Applications**



#### **Direct Use Cases**

- Insurance industry
- Banking industry
- Supply chain industry
- Policy & Decision Making

#### Broader Technological Use Cases

- Forest mapping
- Land consolidation
- Green house gas estimation
- Water resource management



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# Al powered Geospatial Solutions for Smarter Due Diligence

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October 10, 2025 SASI Lunch break – Online.

## 1. Rationale

#### The Need

- African population to reach between 2.5 – 2.6 billions by 2050; A need to increase production by +70%.
- Increasing production is not sufficient, it must be nutritious and environmentally sustainable.

## The Challenges

- Climate change impacts, land and water scarcity, market inefficiencies; constraining productivity and resilience.
- Lack of M&E systems, anticipatory approaches, and effective intervention planning.

## The Opportunity

• Use of Geospatial and Artificial Intelligence Technologies to bring the science of Where to support our understanding (Why) and plan for What to do and When.

# 1. Guiding Questions

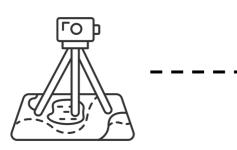
- What type of crops are growing where?
- What are their level of production?
- What are the crops growing conditions and stages?
- Where else those crops could grow?
- What are the crops' Greenhouse gas footprint?

Pilot work in 5 African countries: Senegal, Benin, Ghana, Malawi, and Uganda.

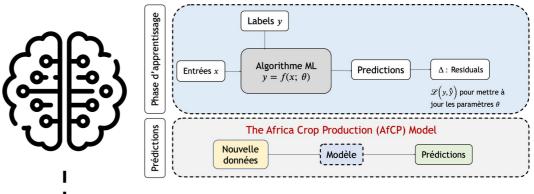
Remote sensing data with a minimum of 10 meters spatial resolution.

Based on ground truth data with AI as a predictive framework.

# 2. Methodology / Approach



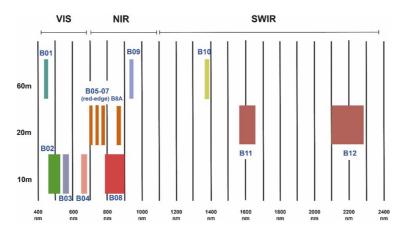






data are appended with

geotagged pictures.





Validation for GeoAl products are performed with out of the back approach and comparison between ground truth datasets and forecasts (values or classes).

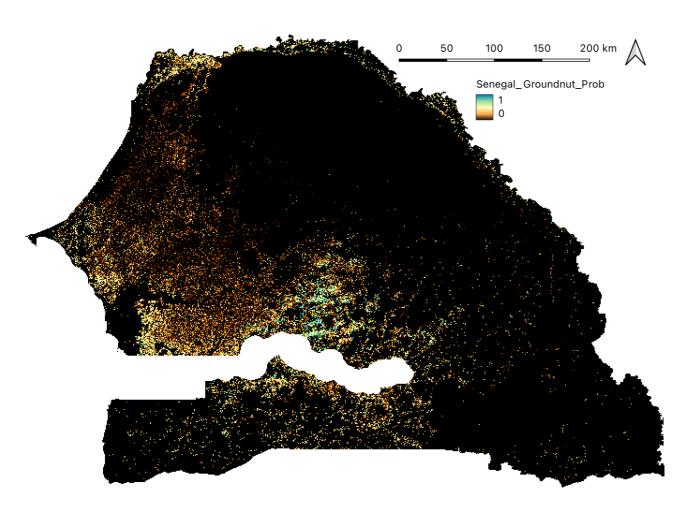
Ground data collection
with country partners
equipped with tablets and
collecting not point data
but field data. Collected

Using Sentinel 2 imagery spectral bands and several
derived indices to add explainability to the dataset
and to make sure with disentangle crop signature one
to another.

Satellite data are collected at the date close to the ground truth data collection.

**Crop Mapping** 



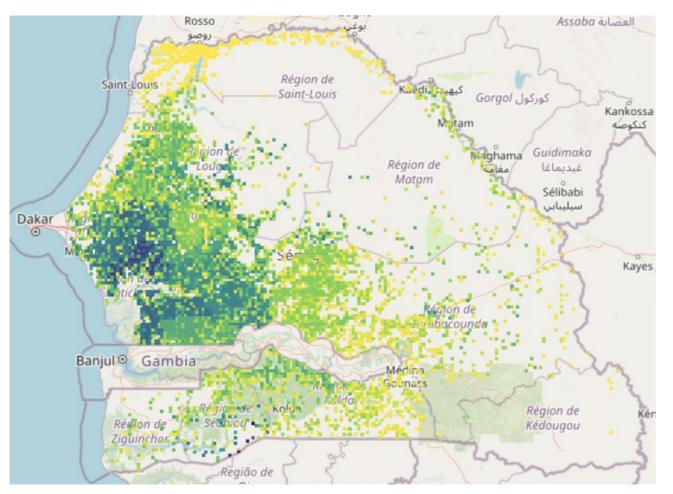


- Near real time probabilistic crop mapping.
   Allowing flexibility in identifying monocropping versus. mixed cropping practices.
- Pixel size at 10-by-10 meters. Every pixel is a 100 square meters on the ground suitable for African Agricultural landscape.

#### **Smarter Due Diligence**

- Tracking production areas at a high resolution (production origin).
- Identifying crop extension at a cost of deforestation. (Environmentally sustainable, EUDR).
- Identifying new production hotspots (alternative production availability).

#### Food Crop Production Forecasts





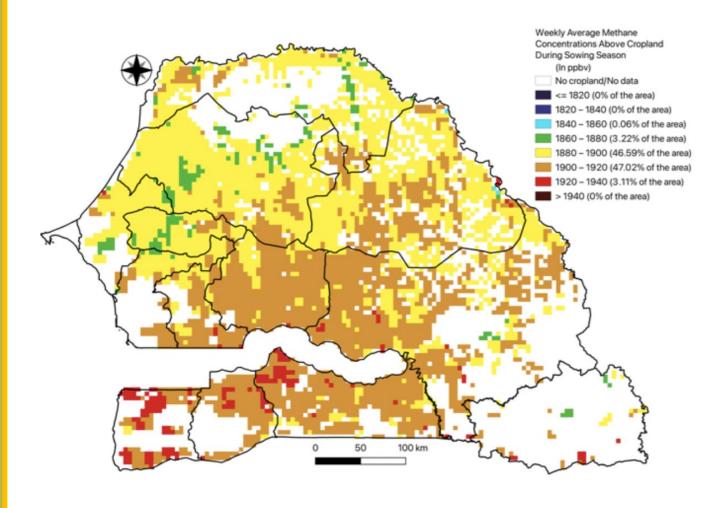
- Production forecast before the harvesting period at a resolution of 10 by 10 meters.
- The production model has an average accuracy of 94% based on a continental assessment. Some countries have less than 94% accuracy (one model per country).

#### **Smarter Due Diligence**

- Early production level estimates in the country.
- Early warning in terms of production increase or decrease.
- Identifying new production hotspots (alternative production availability).

#### Methane tracking





- Tracking methane concentration above active croplands and elsewhere (weekly data).
- Tracking methane emission against crop growing conditions.

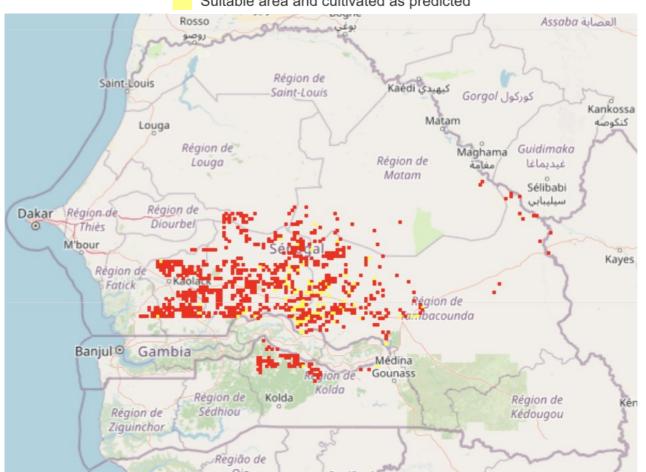
#### **Smarter Due Diligence**

- Identify potential areas for fertilizers' overuse.
- Identify potential areas of certain farming practices (tillage).
- Identify potential areas of soil degradation and farming intensification.

#### Crop suitability map

#### **Crop Suitability**

Suitable area but not cultivated
Suitable area and cultivated as predicted





 Identifying where else in the country a specific crop could grow with suitable geo-biophysical parameters.

#### **Smarter Due Diligence**

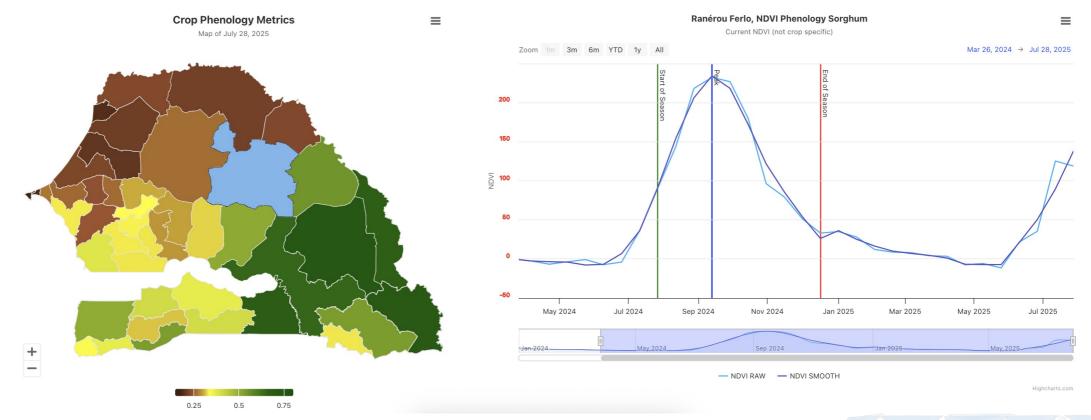
The crop suitability map can also be used to identify appropriate growing areas for specific crops, avoid high-risk zones such as protected areas, fragile ecosystems, or areas prone to overexploitation, and provide evidence compliance with environmental standards and land-use regulations.

#### Crop growing stages

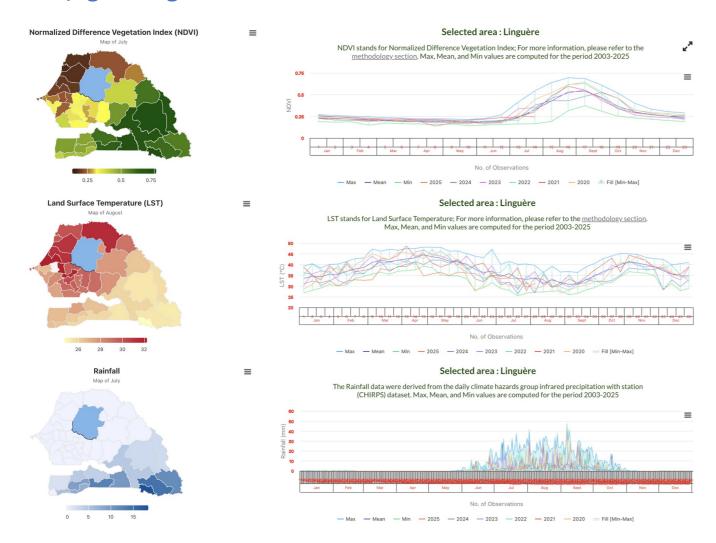
Support companies verify supplier claims about yields and production practices and detect unsustainable intensification (double cropping where it should not be happening for example, suggesting, to some extent overuse of water or land).

It can also help identify regions at risk of crop failure. It can also be overlaid with a shipment record to confirm whether claims harvest times match observed cycles.

**AKADEMIYA** 



#### Crop growing conditions





#### **Smarter Due Diligence**

Tracking growing conditions from a climate perspective (climate profile) to bring explainability to the levels of production.

Overlaying soil information to measure level of nutrition in agricultural production.

Overlay climate, port and airport map, road network, conflict data to assess risk of safe and integral transport of products.



# Thank

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You







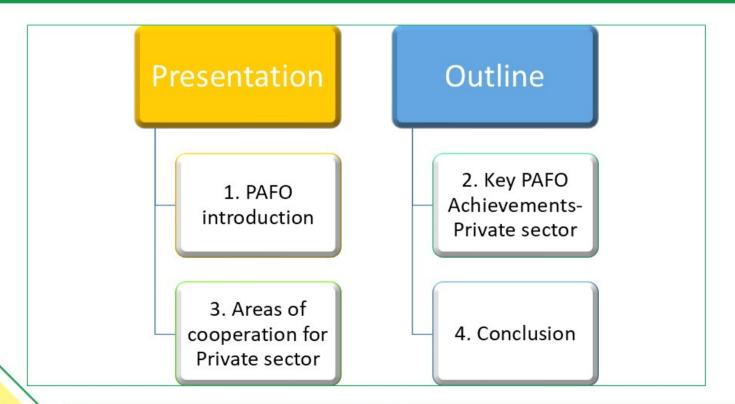


SASI Lunchbreak
Theme "Private sector & Farmer linkages through
PAFO"

October 10,2025

Presented by
Mr. Aimable TWAGIRAYEZU
Programs Officer-PAFO







#### 1. PAFO Introduction

- ➤ The Pan-African Farmers' Organization (PAFO) is a continental organization with a membership base composed of Regional Farmer's Networks.
- ➤ Its Constitutive Assembly was held under the sponsorship of the African Union in Lilongwe, Malawi, from October 27 to 29, 2010. PAFO is recognized as the representative body of African farmers' organizations at the highest continental level.
- ➤ PAFO is the voice of more than 80 million African farmers integrated into nearly 73 national organizations, unions, federations, cooperatives, associations, etc., present in more than 48 countries on the continent, and united in five regional networks operating at the heart of African agriculture.





#### 1. PAFO Introduction (Con't)



Eastern African Farmers Federation (EAFF)

Regional Platform of Farmers' Organizations of Central Africa (PROPAC)

Network of farmers 'and producers' organizations in West Africa (ROPPA)

Southern African Confederation of Agricultural Unions (SACAU)

Maghrebian and North African Union of Farmers (UMNAGRI)



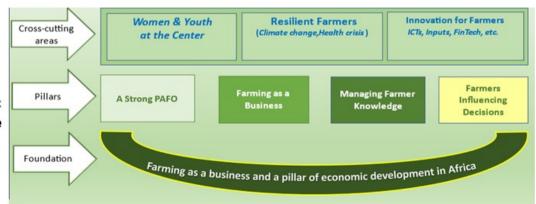


#### 1. PAFO Introduction (Con't)

PAFO is registered in Rwanda as an international non-governmental organization and is certified by the Rwanda Governance Board to operate legally and establish its headquarters in Rwanda under the number 001/RGB/19.

PAFO Strategy (2021-2025)

We are developing new strategic plan 2026-2030 which will be adopted by GA/December 2025.







#### 2. Key PAFO Achievements-Private sector

	No.	Program	Key results
	1	Farmer Organizations for Africa, Caribbean and Pacific (FO4ACP) EU/IFAD 2019-2025	<ul> <li>Between May and July 2025, organized 5 regional and 1 continental Post Malabo consultations</li> <li>Developed and submitted the Independent Memorandum advocating for private sector agenda: Investment, trade and PPPs</li> <li>Participated in various global and continental events: Policy and advocacy</li> </ul>
	2	Innovation series EU/COLEAD	☐ Organized so far 24 innovation series since 2022: Innovative Entrepreneurs showcase their projects and activities
/	3	Mentorship program FAO	☐ Selected 50 Young agripreneurs across Africa and mentors to train them





#### 2. Key PAFO Achievements-Private sector

No.	Program	Key results
4	Exchange platform AHA	<ul> <li>Between 2023 to date, organized about 20 sessions about various topics including Investment, role of private sector at national, regional and continental levels, trade, role of private sector</li> <li>Organized various webinars to advocate areas in line with private sector</li> </ul>
5	DERPin GIZ AKADEMIYA2063	<ul> <li>Mobilized farmers for learning events, trainings and workshops to discuss the use of Geospatial tools with stakeholders including private sector</li> <li>Participated in research by collaborating with Research Institutions</li> </ul>
6	Conference AfDB	■ March 15, 2025: Organized with AfDB, a high level continental conference on climate financing





#### 3. Areas of cooperation for Private sector

١	No.	Level	Areas
	1	Continental 14 seats: Continental and global	Advocacy with AUC, NEPAD: CAADP 3: Kampala as we sit for Biennial Review Committee Research Knowledge sharing/Management corporate due diligence / compliance with EU regulations (like e.g., helping to communicate with or train farmers) Specific partnerships
	2	Regional	Advocacy at Regional level with RECs Regional Agricultural Investment Plans (RAIPs) Support Regional Farmer Organizations (RFOs) projects Specific partnerships
	3	National/Local	Support Advocacy Agenda at National level especially domestication of Kampala Declaration: 10% investment Support the National Agricultural Investment Plans (NAIPs) Avail and use good farming equipments, machinery, inputs Specific partnerships





#### 4. Conclusion











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## Thank you for joining!

See you at our next Lunchbreak in November.

The topic will be shared soon.