

LUNCHBREAK



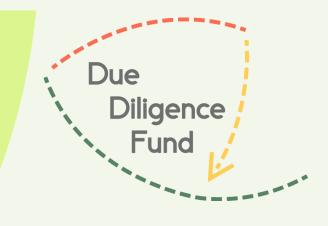
8 November 2024, 12 – 1 pm

Due Diligence Fund – First Lessons Learnt

SASI Lunchbreak, 08.11.2024

Hanna Kaethner, Advisor @ SASI







What is the DDF?

Goal

support the fulfillment of **corporate human rights and environmental due diligence** in agricultural supply chains.

focus: benefit **primary producers**

Strategy

pilot promising, innovative, sectorwide project ideas

derive **good practices**, **adaptable instruments** and **methods**

disseminate learnings









Mitigation Traceability & Measures Monitoring

Colombia

Round 1

Round 2

Round 1 and 2

Peru



Deforestation-free Grievance Supply chains Mechanisms

Morocco

Sierra Leone

Brazil

Côte d'Ivoire

Ghana

South Africa

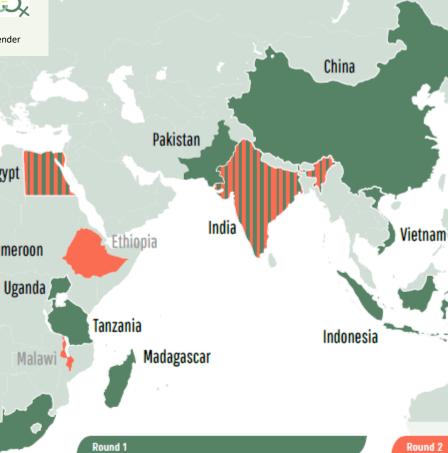


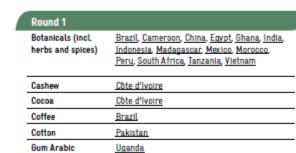
Living Wages

Living Income &

Cameroon

Gender





Ethiopia, Sierra Leone
Egypt, India
Côte d'Ivoire
Ethiopia, Sierra Leone
Colombia, Ethiopia, Sierra Leone
India
Malawi
Egypt

Due

Diligence Fund



















COFFEE

GUM ARABIC

Diverse Projects, Common Learnings

"Well begun is half done"

A **robust risk assessment precedes** any good project.

Its findings allow you to design activities effectively & anticipate challenges to implementation

"None of us is as smart as all of us"

Collaborating withsupply-chain partners both vertically and
horizontally - will create
significant efficiencies

Reaching out to your target group enhances ownership and will inform your project design

"Slow and steady wins the race"

A pilot project will only take you so far – **plan to make adjustments** to your approach if necessary

Long-term engagement lowers friction costs by building trust and nurturing ownership by your supply-chain partners

Diligence

Diverse Projects, Common Learnings: Collaboration & Engagement

Supply-chain partners

Effective Due Diligence requires **strong partners on the ground**

→ Long-term engagement is key for a trust-based relationship...

...and a **prerequisite** for tackling sensitive risks and transformative measures

Third party organizations

Can support with an independent perspective, wide networks & context-specific expertise

Provision of **risk databases** (e.g. UEBT) or **traceability solution** (e.g.
Better Cotton)

Rights holders

RH can play a key role in e.g., **prioritizing risks**, identifying **actual needs**, and **non-intended effects**

To consult or collaborate with rights holders increases effectiveness and sustainability of DD implementation

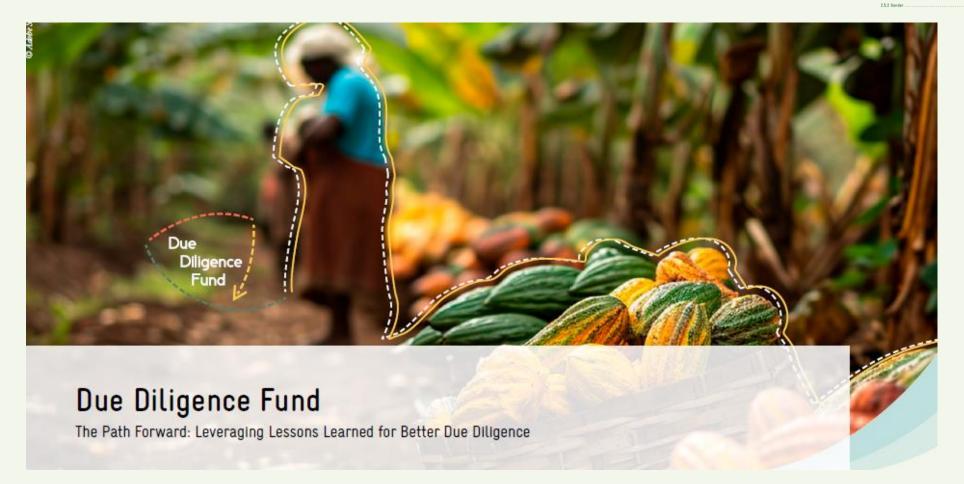
Diligence

Stay Tuned for our Brochure on further Lessons Learned!

1.	INTRODUCTION TO THE DUE DILIGENCE FUND	4	3. A
2	POLITICAL RELEVANCE AND LESSONS LEARNED	5	3.
	2.1 Risk Analysis	6	3.
	2.2 Preventive and Mitigation Measures	7	3.
	2.3 Traceability - Tracking & Monitoring	8	
	2.4 Grievance Mechanisms	8	3.
	2.5 Cross-sectional Topics	9	3.
	2.5.1 Collaboration	9	

CONTENT

3. Al	NNEX: PROJECT OVERVIEW	11
3.	1 Risk assessments of sourcing areas of botanical ingredients	12
3.	2 Human rights due diligence in the cashew sector	13
3.	3 Enhancing traceability in raw cotton supply chains in Pakistan	14
3.	4 Recommendations for a joint grievance mechanism in the Brazilian coffee supply chain	15
3.	5 Cross-company grievance mechanism in the cocoa sector	16
3.	6 Generating new income opportunities for women through Gum Arabic harvesting	17





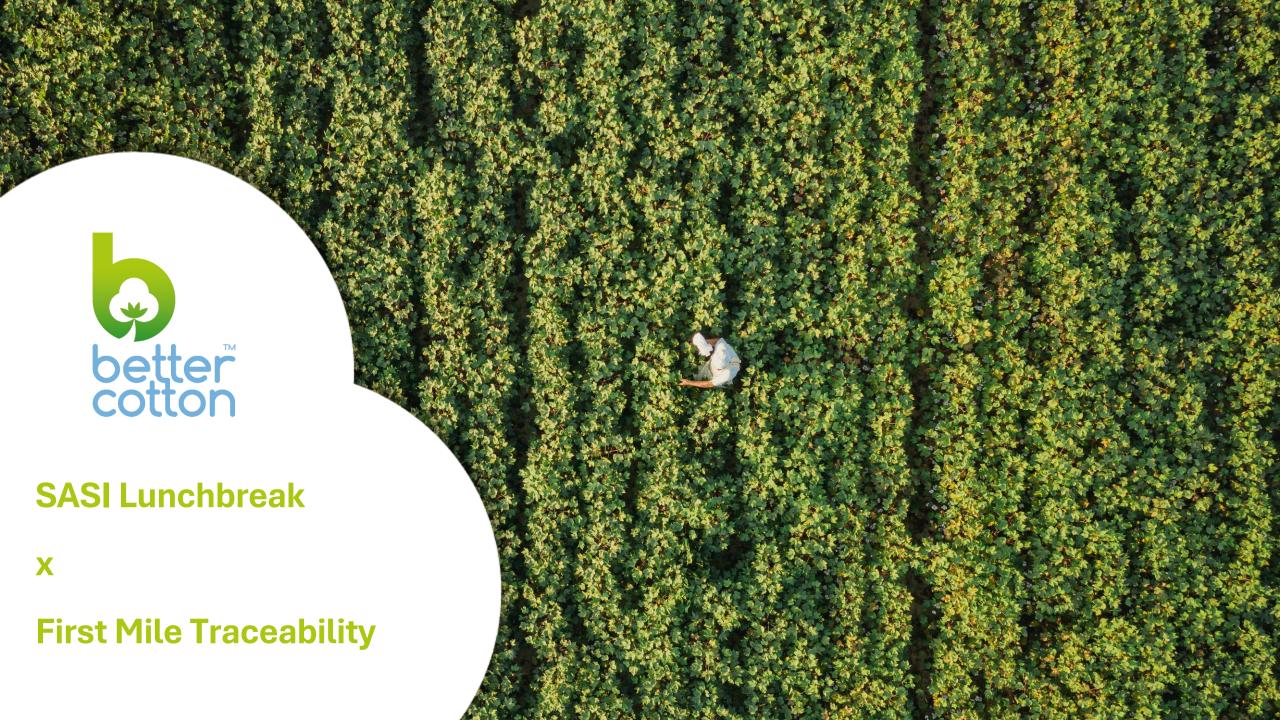


Thank you!

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<u>Due Diligence Fund – Initiative for Sustainable</u> <u>Agricultural Supply Chain – SASI</u>



O Understanding Pakistan and India's Cotton Sector

BCUBIS Pakistan and TRAWAY India learnings

Recommendations

Applying learnings

Agenda





Cotton supply chain in India and Pakistan

Highly Dependent on smallholder

farmers



Informal actors operate



Low levels of digitisation



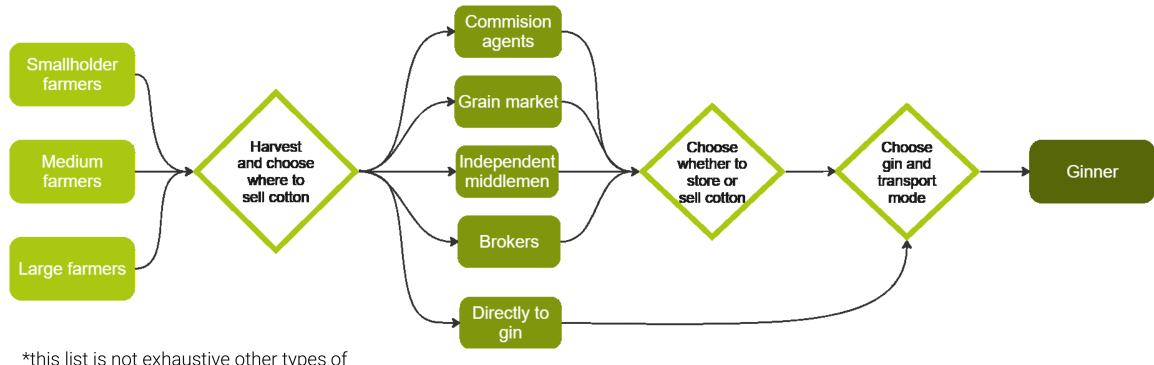
Low levels of integration downstream

Challenges for first mile traceability

| Identifying and monitoring actors
| Ensuring segregation |
| Documentation difficult to monitor |
| Business case for farmers



The First Mile of the cotton supply chain in India and Pakistan



*this list is not exhaustive other types of intermediaries may operate





Project Overview

India Pakistan







Goals and objectives

To enhance first mile traceability by....



Building engagement with informal actors at the start of the supply chain



Exploring whether informal actors are receptive to using digital tools



Deepening our knowledge of the first mile of the supply chain



Testing alternative purchase, transaction and integrity measures



How did we achieve the objectives?

Introduced digital and paper-based tools to facilitate traceability between the farm and the gin

Tested buyer purchase mechanisms and verifications

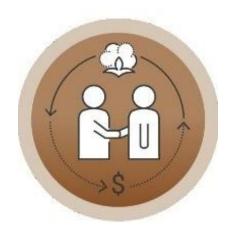
Researched the first mile of supply chain

Engaged middlemen through participatory workshops

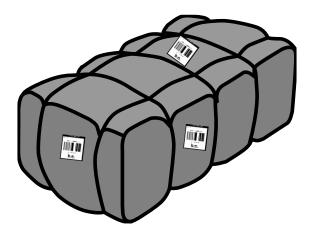


Pakistan BCUBIS project achievements against indicators

At least **87.5%** of middlemen engaged through this pilot wish to participate in the Better Cotton Programme.



At least **75%** of pilot participants reported improved operational efficiencies through the use of the bale tagging system.





India TRAWAY project achievements against indicators



800 farmers



12 intermediaries



5 ginners

were trained of first mile traceability process and tools, and mobile verifications



Overarching project achievements

Seed cotton sales
transactions were
recorded, both digitally
and physically, and in
some cases verified
between the farm and
the gin



Successful engagement with informal actors at start of Cotton Supply Chain



Deepened understanding of supply chain dynamics





Fundamental learning moving forward

Supply chain actors require a business case to fully engage

Feedback from pilot participants:

Can we access downloads of our transaction records?

This tool provides
visibility to other
Better Cotton
supply chain
actors

What are the incentives for us to use this tool?



Broader learnings

There is an appetite for first mile traceability amongst supply chain actors

Supply chain is dynamic

Participatory approach to pilot design is key

Validation of transactions by buyer and/or seller reduces risk of error

Adopt an iterative approach

Consider gender norms



Technical learnings

Participants are receptive to using technology in the field, as it offers them visibility to market

Digital tool required a significant amount of handholding

Tech tool should be dynamic, time bound, and be available in local languages

Tech tool requirements should be iterative

Network availability can be a challenge

Accurate databases of baseline data are a prerequisite





Recommendations











Understand the landscape Strengthen pre-pilot engagement

Regular touchpoints

Do not make participation optional

Validate baseline data



How are we applying our learnings moving forward?

Validating contact information

Improving the quality and volume of data collected

 Working to understand timescales for data entry and validations

Expanding across different contexts

Understanding the intermediary landscape

In depth research into business case









What is the DDF?

What we offer

50k€ - 123k€ funding for up to **18** months

Guidance throughout project development and implementation

Disseminating **lessons learnt** from your project

What we are looking for

Project ideas that foster the implementation of HREDD

Partnerships between a EU+ company and supply-chain partners and/or public-benefit partner

An **own contribution** of 50% of project volume (with discounts for SMEs)



What projects are we looking for?

Due Diligence Logic

Project proposal is based on a risk analysis

Measures on the ground

Measures in one of the OECD **DAC-listed countries** and involvement of those directly affected on the ground or their legitimate representatives

Central due diligence processes

Focus topics









and

SASI cross-sectional topics

Ecological sustainability



Deforestation-free Supply chains



Climate & Biodiversity

Socio-economic sustainability

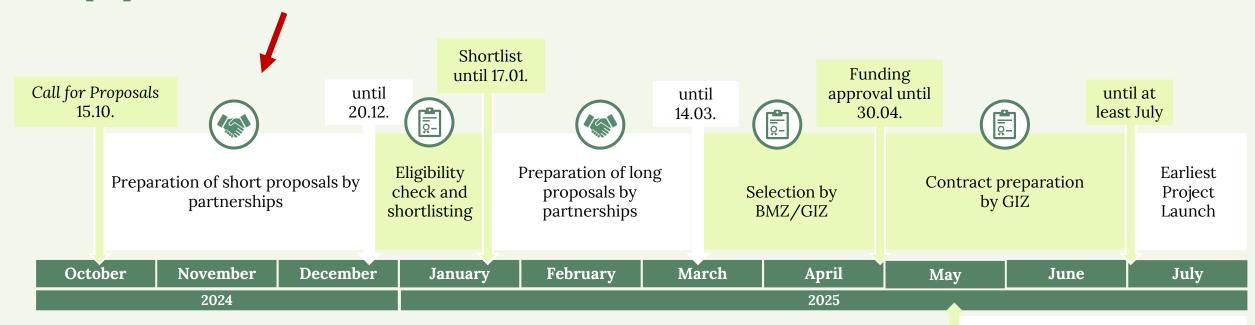


Living Income & Digital participation Living Wages



Gender

Application timeline



Do not hesitate to get in touch with us **before December 20th**

Next Call for Proposals

Due Diligence Fund

Further information



Next Q&A: Monday 11.11. 15.30-16.15 CET & Tuesday 12.11. 09.30-10.15 CET.

→ Sign up by writing to ddf@giz.de



Due Diligence Fund - Initiative for Sustainable Agricultural Supply

<u>Chain – SASI (sustainable-supply-chains.org)</u>



Contact us at ddf@giz.de



Learn more in our <u>Call for Proposals</u>

We are looking forward to your applications!







Implemented by



Thank you for joining!

See you at our next Lunchbreak